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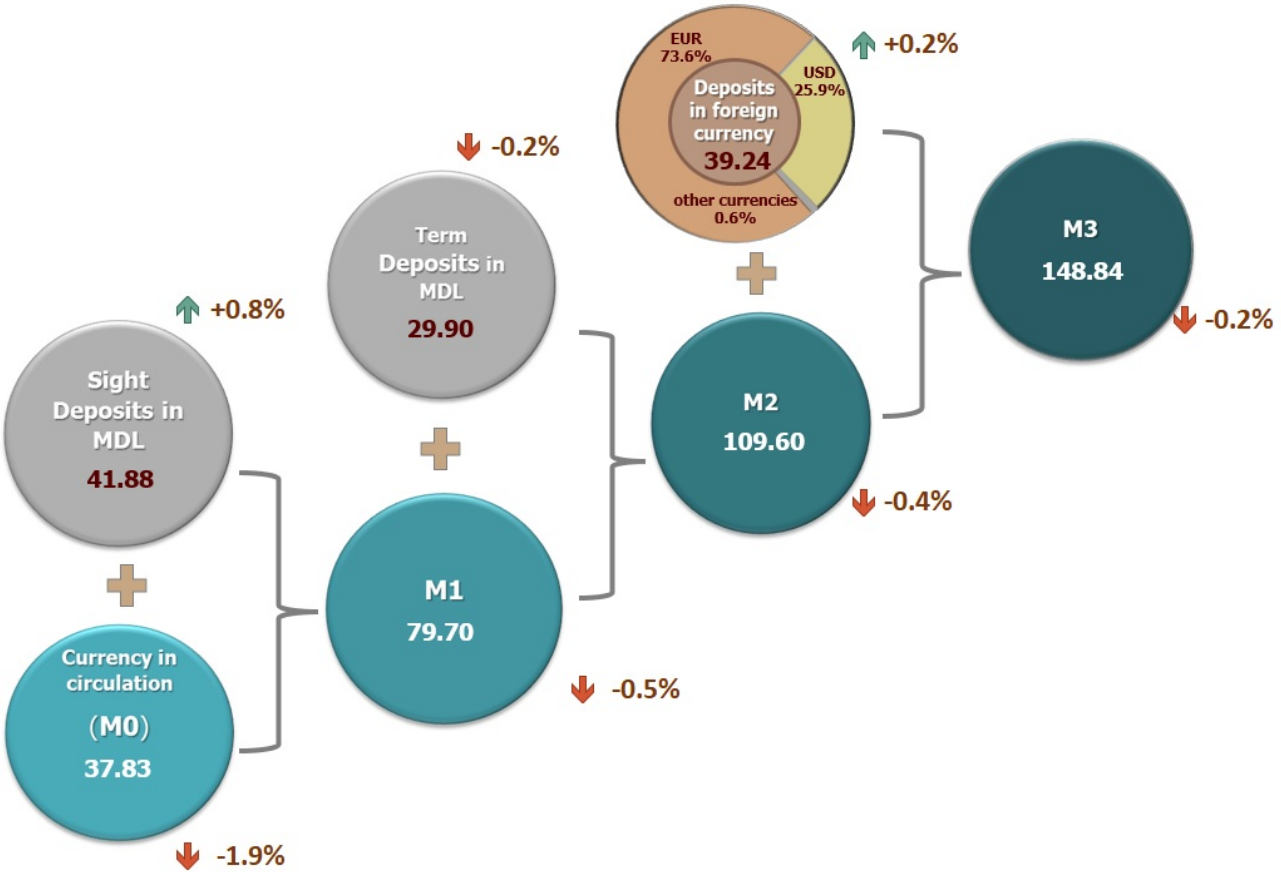
20.02.2024

Evolution of monetary indicators in January 2024

In January 2024 the monetary base[1] decreased by MDL 717.8 million (-0.9%) compared to the December 2023 and amounted to MDL 81,653.1 million, being 11.1% higher than in the similar period of the previous year.

Money supply M0[2] (currency in circulation) decreased by MDL 726.1 million or by 1.9% compared to December 2023 and amounted to MDL 37,827,8 million, being 13.6% higher than in the similar period of the previous year (Chart 1).

Chart 1. **Evolution of money supply in January 2024 compared to the previous month, MDL[3] billion**

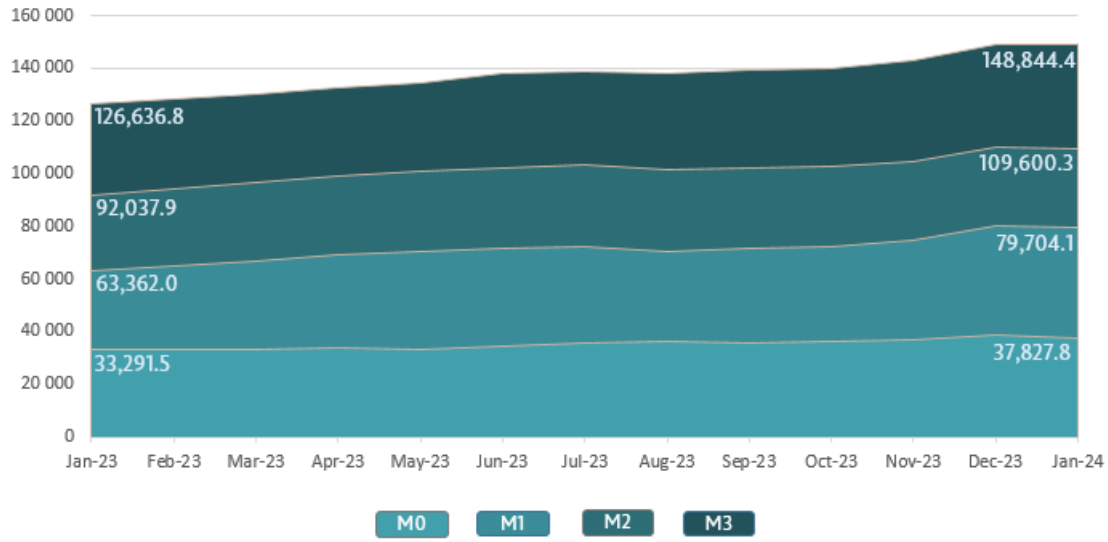


[1]

Money supply M1[4] decreased by MDL 384.8 million or by 0.5% compared to December 2023 and accounted for MDL 79,704.1 million, being 25.8% higher than in the similar period of the previous year.

Money supply M2[5] decreased by MDL 431.8 million or by 0.4% compared to December 2023 and amounted to MDL 109,600.3 million, being 19.1% higher than in the similar period of the previous year.

Chart 2. The evolution dynamics monetary aggregates, MDL million

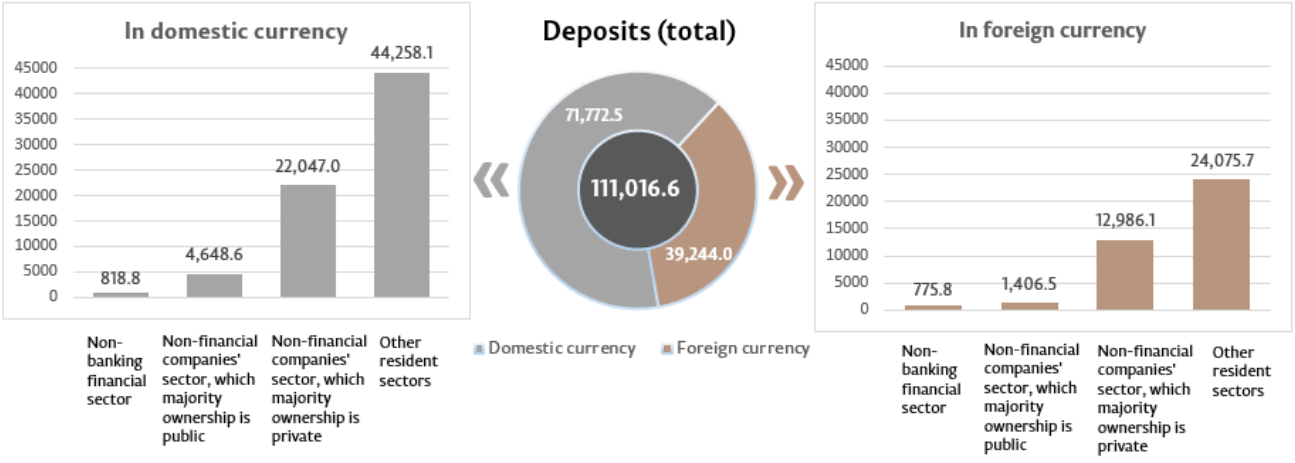


[2]

Money supply M3[6] decreased by MDL 336.3 million (-0.2%) compared to December 2023 and accounted for MDL 148,844.4 million, being 17.5% higher than in the similar period of the previous year.

The balance of deposits in domestic currency increased by MDL 294,3 million compared to the previous month and amounted to MDL 71,772.5 million, representing a share of 64.7% of the total balance of deposits. At the same time, the balance of deposits in foreign currency (recalculated in MDL) increased by MDL 95.6 million to MDL 39,244.0 million, as compared to the previous month, having a share of 35.3% (Chart 3).

Chart 3. Volume of deposits in January 2024[7],MDL million



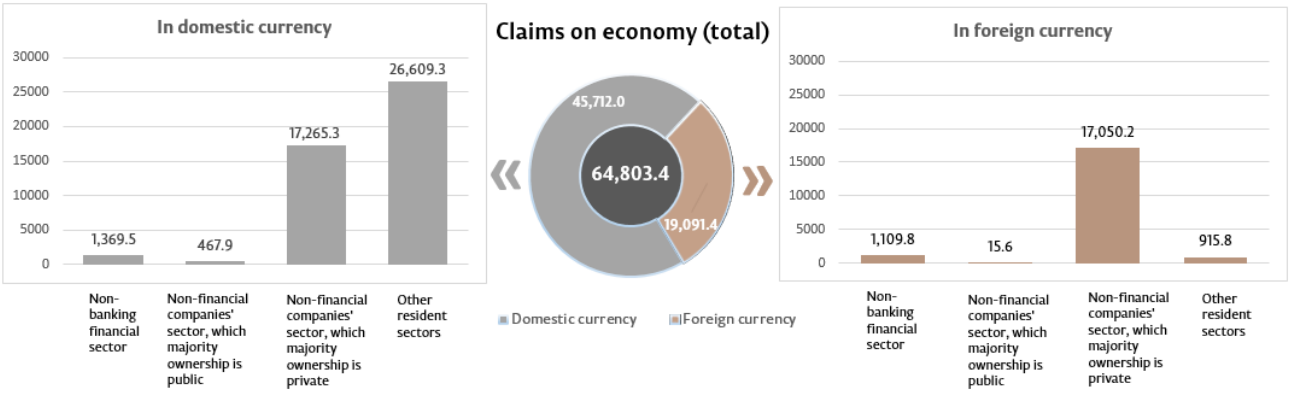
[3]

Balance of claims on economy[8] (Chart 4) accounted for MDL 64,803.4 million, decreasing in January 2024 by MDL 1,294.5 million (-2.0%) compared to December 2023, due to the decrease in the claims on economy in domestic currency by MDL 617.5 million (-1.3%) and the decrease in the claims on economy in foreign currency (expressed in MDL) by MDL 677.0 million (-3.4%)

It should be noted that the balance of claims on economy in foreign currency, expressed in USD[9], amounted

in January to USD 1,076.2 million, decreasing by USD 59.5 million (-5.2%) compared to December 2023.

Chart 4. Volume of claims on economy in January 2023[10], MDL million



[4]

1. Broad monetary base includes money put into circulation by the National Bank of Moldova (except cash in the vault of the National Bank of Moldova), bank reserves in lei (held in corresponding accounts at the National Bank of Moldova), required foreign currency reserves, "overnight" deposits of banks and sight deposits of other organizations at the National Bank of Moldova.

2. Currency in circulation M0 represents circulating cash issued by the National Bank of Moldova, except for cash in banks and NBM vault.

3. Aggregate data may not correspond exactly to the sum of the components due to mathematical rounding.

4. Money supply M1 includes currency in circulation (M0) and residents' domestic currency sight deposits.

5. Money supply M2 includes money aggregate (M1), term deposits in Moldovan lei of residents and money market instruments.

6. Money supply M3 includes M2 money supply and residents' foreign currency deposits denominated in Moldovan lei.

7. Deposits are structured by institutional sectors under the Instruction on completion by licensed banks of the Report on monetary statistics (Official Monitor of the Republic of Moldova No 206-215 of 2 January 2011). Other resident sectors include sectors of the households (individuals, individuals performing an activity) and non-profit institutions serving households.

8. According to the IMF methodology, loans to non-residents, interbank loans, and loans to the Government of the Republic of Moldova are excluded from the total claims on the economy (including data from banks under liquidation).

9. Recalculated using the official exchange rate of NBM at the end of the period.

10. Claims on domestic economy represent claims of the banking system of the Republic of Moldova (including banks in the process of liquidation), in domestic and in foreign currencies, on non-financial

commercial companies, which majority ownership is public or private, on other resident sectors. This indicator includes loans and borrowings (including overdue debt), overdue interest on loans; debt securities and shares; other claims.

Смотрите также

Метки

money supply [5]

monetary aggregates [6]

statistics [7]

M0 [8]

M1 [9]

M2 [10]

M3 [11]

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https://www.bnm.md/ru/node/66858

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