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Evolution of monetary indicators in March 2026

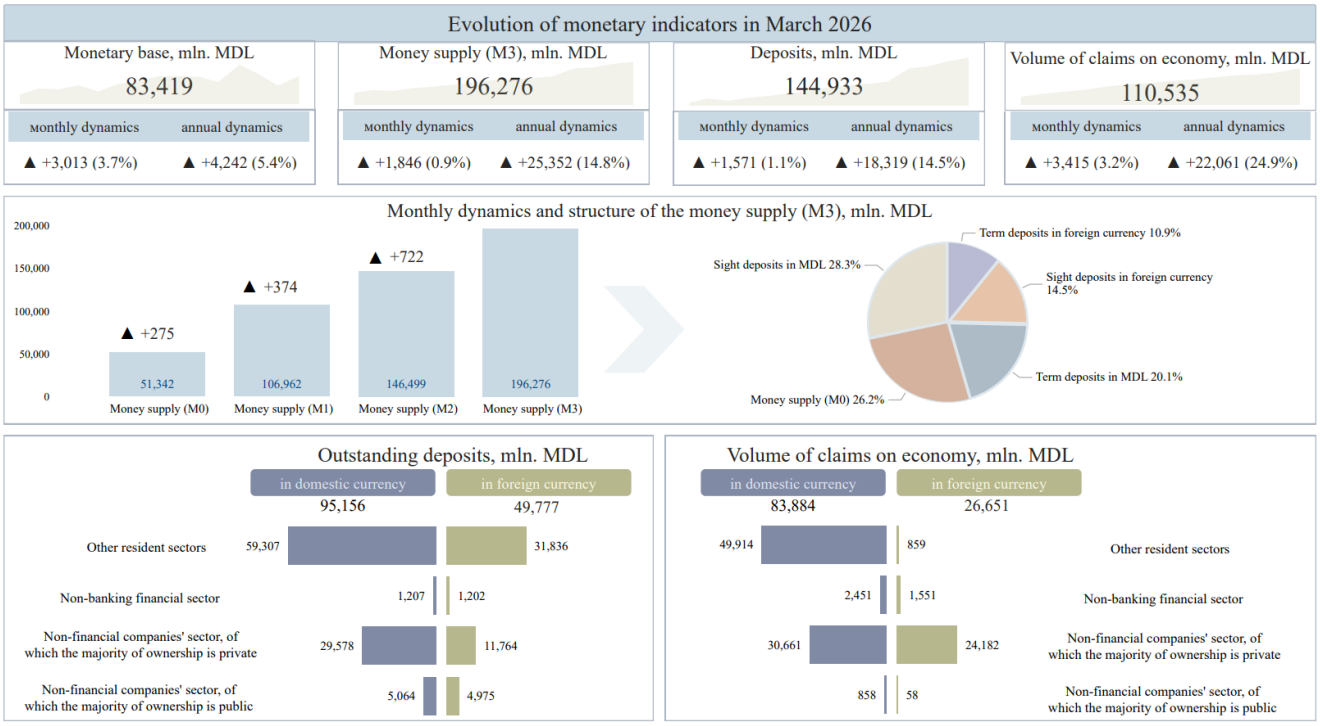
In March 2026, the monetary base[1] amounted to MDL 83,419 million, which represents an increase by 3.7% compared to February 2026.

Money supply M3[2] amounted to MDL 196,276 million, increasing by 0.9% compared to the previous month.

The balance of bank deposits[3] amounted to MDL 144,933 million, increasing by 1.1% as compared to the previous month, driven by an increase in deposits in the domestic currency by 0.5% and in deposits in foreign currency by 2.3%.

The balance of claims on the economy[4] amounted to MDL 110,535 million, increasing by 3.2% as compared to the previous month. Claims in domestic currency[5] increased by 2.5%, while claims in foreign currency (expressed in MDL) increased by 5.3%.

It should be noted that the balance of claims on the economy in foreign currency, expressed in EUR[6], amounted to EUR 1,314 million in March 2026, increasing by 4.9% compared to February 2026.



[1]

Statistical data [2]

1. Broad monetary base includes money issued into circulation by the National Bank of Moldova (excluding cash in its own and banks' vaults), bank reserves in domestic currency (held in correspondent accounts at the National Bank of Moldova), required reserves in foreign currency, banks' overnight deposits and sight deposits of other organizations at the National Bank of Moldova.

2. The structure of the money supply M3 is determined by the NBM through the relationship between monetary aggregates as follows:

- Currency in circulation M0 represents cash issued by the National Bank of Moldova, excluding cash held in the banks' vaults and the NBM vault.
- *Money supply M1 includes currency in circulation M0 and residents' sight deposits in domestic currency.*
- *Money supply M2 includes money aggregate M1, residents' term deposits in domestic currency and money market instruments.*
- *Money supply M3 includes money supply M2 and residents' foreign currency deposits converted into MDL.*

3. Deposits are broken down by institutional sectors in accordance with the Instruction on the procedure for compiling by licensed banks a monetary statistics report (Official Monitor of the Republic of Moldova No 206-215 of 2 January 2011). Other resident sectors include households (individuals, individuals engaged in economic activities) and non-profit institutions serving households.

4. According to the IMF methodology, loans to non-residents, interbank loans, and loans to the Government of the Republic of Moldova are excluded from the total claims on the economy, including from data reported by banks under liquidation.

5. Claims on national economy include loans and borrowings (including amounts in arrears), debt securities, shares and other claims.

6. Recalculation was performed using the official NBM exchange rate at the end of period.

Смотрите также

Метки
money supply [3]
monetary aggregates [4]
statistics [5]
M0 [6]
M1 [7]
M2 [8]
M3 [9]

Источник URL:
https://www.bnm.md/ru/node/69996

Ссылки по теме:

[1] https://www.bnm.md/files/infografic indicatori monetari 2026-03_en_.png [2] https://www.bnm.md/bdi/pages/reports/dpmc/DPMC11.xhtml [3] https://www.bnm.md/ru/search?hashtags[0]=money supply [4] https://www.bnm.md/ru/search?hashtags[0]=monetary aggregates [5] https://www.bnm.md/ru/search?hashtags[0]=statistics [6] https://www.bnm.md/ru/search?hashtags[0]=M0 [7] https://www.bnm.md/ru/search?hashtags[0]=M1 [8] https://www.bnm.md/ru/search?hashtags[0]=M2 [9] https://www.bnm.md/ru/search?hashtags[0]=M3